

Rosneft Oil Company IFRS Results Q2 and H1 2017



August 8, 2017

Important Notice



Information herein has been prepared by the Company. The presented conclusions are based on the general information collected as of the date hereof and can be amended without any additional notice. The Company relies on the information obtained from the sources which it deems credible; however, it does not guarantee its accuracy or completeness.

These materials contain statements about future events and explanations representing a forecast of such events. Any assertion in these materials that is not a statement of historical fact is a forward-looking statement that involves known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors, which may cause our actual results, performance or achievements to be materially different from any future results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. We assume no obligations to update the forward-looking statements contained herein to reflect actual results, changes in assumptions or changes in factors affecting such statements.

This presentation does not constitute an offer to sell, or any solicitation of any offer to subscribe for or purchase any securities. It is understood that nothing in this report / presentation provides grounds for any contract or commitment whatsoever. The information herein should not for any purpose be deemed complete, accurate or impartial. The information herein is subject to verification, final formatting and modification. The contents hereof has not been verified by the Company. Accordingly, we did not and do not give on behalf of the Company, its shareholders, directors, officers or employees or any other person, any representations or warranties, either explicitly expressed or implied, as to the accuracy, completeness or objectivity of information or opinions contained in it. None of the directors of the Company, its shareholders, officers or employees or any other persons accepts any liability for any loss of any kind that may arise from any use of this presentation or its contents or otherwise arising in connection therewith.

Overview of Key Developments



Macroeconomic environment¹

Indicator	Q2 2017	Q1 2017	%	H1 2017	H1 2016	%
Urals, \$/bbl	48.8	52.3	(6.5)%	50.5	38.0	33.0%
Urals, '000 RUB/bbl	2.79	3.07	(9.2)%	2.93	2.67	9.8%
Naphtha, '000 RUB/ton	24.1	27.8	(13.0)%	25.9	24.3	6.7%
Gasoil 0.1%, '000 RUB/ton	25.4	28.1	(9.6)%	26.7	25.0	6.6%
Fuel oil 3.5%, '000 RUB/ton	16.1	17.3	(7.0)%	16.7	12.0	39.1%
Average exchange rate, RUB/\$	57.2	58.8	(2.9)%	58.0	70.3	(17.5)%
Inflation for the period (CPI), %	1.3%	1.0%		2.3%	3.3%	

Key events

- ▶ Successful drilling of the northernmost exploration well on the shelf of the Khatanga bay (the Laptev sea)
- ▶ Rosneft won the license on the Erginsky block – the largest license area from the unallocated fund in Russia
- ▶ Signing long-term contracts with TMK and ChelPipe on pipes supplies
- ▶ Closing the deal on 20% stake sale in Verkhnechonskneftegaz to Beijing Gas
- ▶ Strategic cooperation agreement with CEFC China
- ▶ Signing long-term contract with PTT (Thailand) for mutual crude oil supplies of up 10 mmtpa for 5 years with an extension option

Key Operating Highlights



Indicator	Q2 2017	Q1 2017	%	H1 2017	H1 2016	%
Hydrocarbon production, incl. kboed	5,703	5,785	(1.4)%	5,744	5,212	10.2%
Crude oil and NGL, kboed	4,566	4,620	(1.2)%	4,593	4,100	12.0%
Gas, kboed	1,137	1,165	(2.4)%	1,151	1,112	3.5%
Hydrocarbon production ¹ , kboed	5,703	5,785	(1.4)%	5,744	5,654	1.6%
Refining throughput ¹ , mmt	27.72	28.30	(2.0)%	56.02	53.86	4.0%
Refining depth ¹ , %	74.3%	74.0%	+0.3 p.p.	74.2%	73.1%	+1.1 p.p.

Note: (1) Proforma data (Bashneft consolidated starting January 1, 2016)

Key Financial Highlights



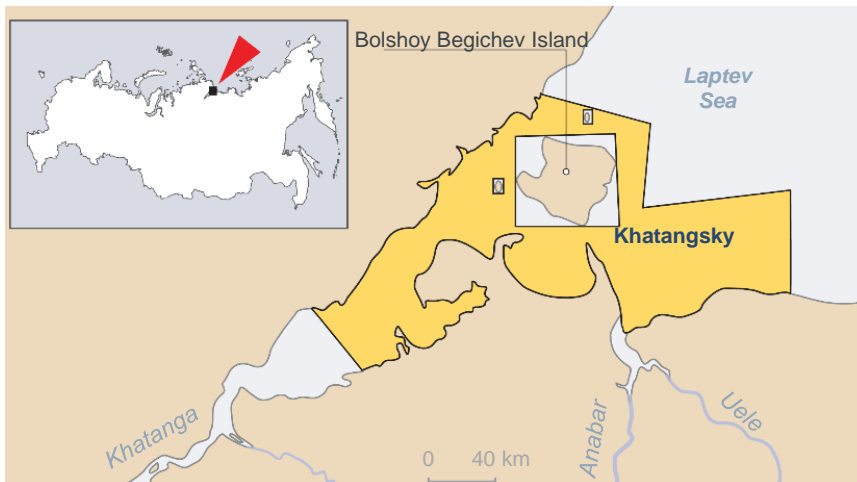
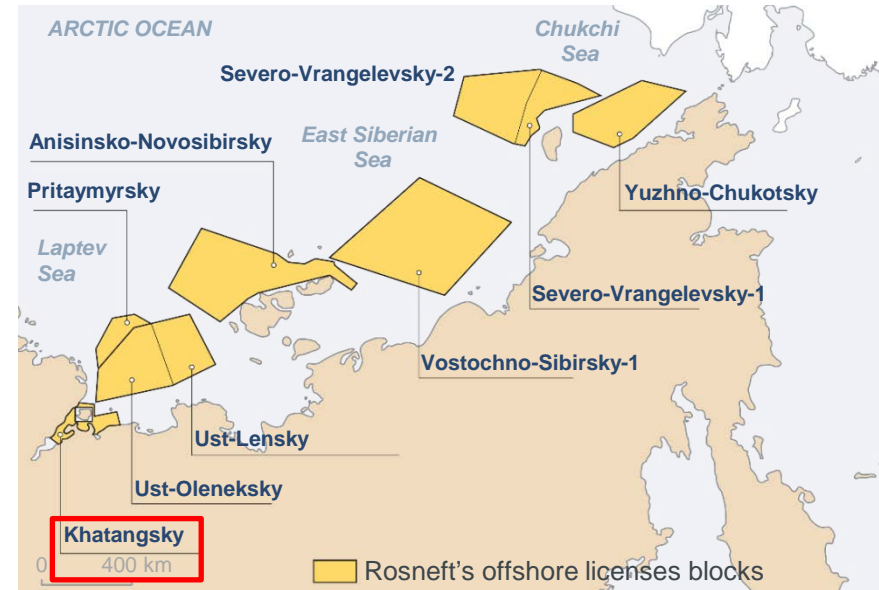
Indicator	Q2 2017	Q1 2017	%	H1 2017	H1 2016	%
EBITDA, RUB bn	306	333	(8.1)%	639	621	2.9%
Net income, RUB bn <i>Attributable to Rosneft shareholders</i>	68	13	>100%	81	101	(19.8)%
Adjusted net income ¹ , RUB bn <i>Attributable to Rosneft shareholders</i>	95	112	(15.2)%	207	242	(14.5)%
Adjusted operating cash flow ² , RUB bn	254	281	(9.6)%	535	501	6.8%
CAPEX, RUB bn	215	192	12.0%	407	308	32.1%
Free cash flow, RUB bn	39	89	(56.2)%	128	193	(33.7)%
EBITDA, \$ bn	5.3	5.7	(7.0)%	11.0	9.0	22.2%
Net income, \$ bn <i>Attributable to Rosneft shareholders</i>	1.2	0.2	>100%	1.4	1.6	(12.5)%
Adjusted net income ¹ , \$ bn <i>Attributable to Rosneft shareholders</i>	1.7	1.9	(10.5)%	3.6	3.5	2.9%
Adjusted operating cash flow ² , \$ bn	4.4	4.7	(6.4)%	9.1	7.2	26.4%
CAPEX, \$ bn	3.7	3.3	12.1%	7.0	4.4	59.1%
Free cash flow, \$ bn	0.7	1.4	(50.0)%	2.1	2.8	(25.0)%
Urals price, th. RUB/bbl	2.79	3.07	(9.2)%	2.93	2.67	9.8%

Note: (1) Adjusted for FX gains/losses and other one-off effects, (2) Adjusted for prepayments under long term crude oil supply contracts and operations with trading securities (RUB equivalent)

High Potential of the East Arctic Offshore



- ▶ 9 Company's license blocks are located on the East Arctic shelf
- ▶ 9.5 bln t of crude oil and 8.7 tcm of gas – resource potential of the blocks
- ▶ April 3, 2017 – start of the drilling of Tsentralno-Olginskaya-1 exploration well on Khatangsky license block
- ▶ June 2017 – four core samples were taken from the depths at 2,305 to 2,390 m, demonstrating high oil saturation with light oily fractions



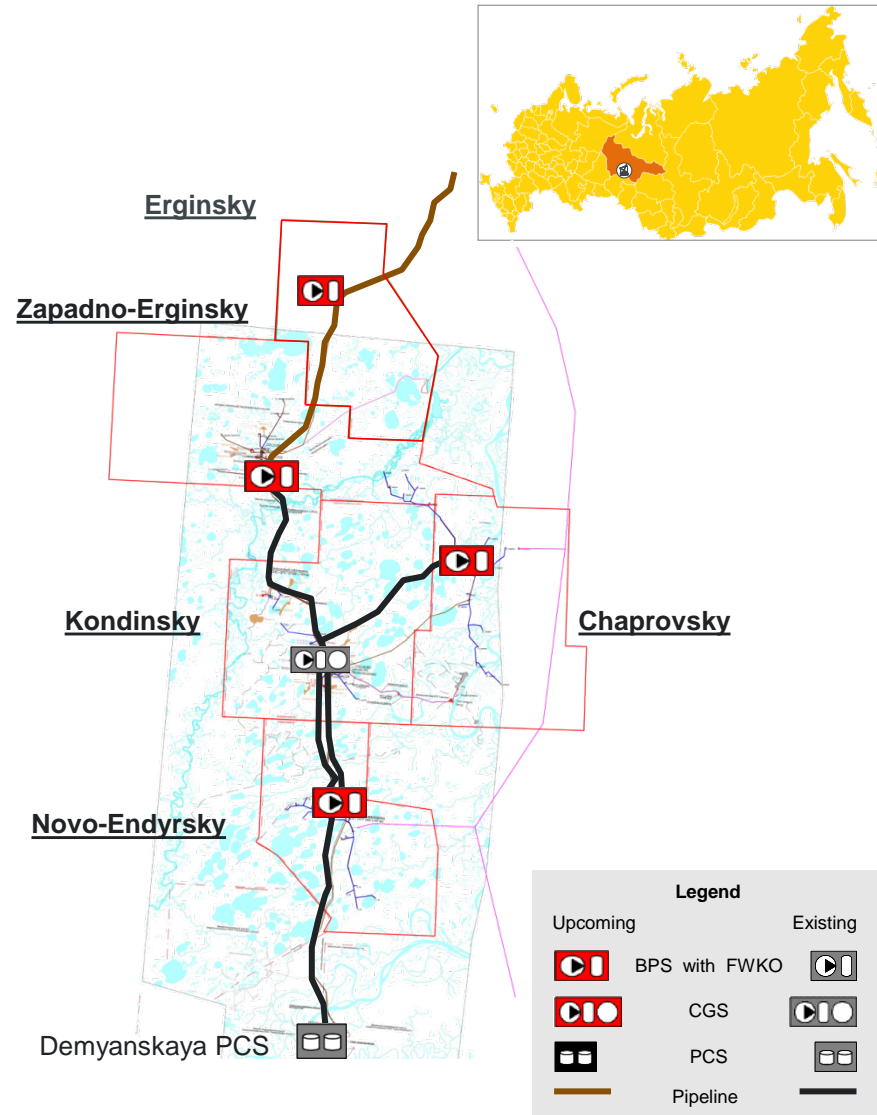
Khatanga block characteristics

Acreage	17,217.5 sq. km
Sea depth	up to 32 m
Depth of target horizons	900-6,000 m

The Erginsky Block



- ▶ On July 12, 2017 Rosneft won the license on the Erginsky block – the largest license area from the unallocated fund in Russia
- ▶ The acquisition price amounted to RUB 20.1 bn
- ▶ C1+C2 reserves are estimated at 103 mmt
- ▶ Location in the Khanty-Mansiysk Autonomous District 20 km south of Khanty-Mansiysk
- ▶ Proximity to the Priobskoe (Yuganskneftegaz) and West Erginskoye (Kondaneft) fields with well-developed infrastructure providing for high synergies and rapid resource development
- ▶ Acquiring the Erginsky block is in line with the Company's strategy aimed at enhancing the resource development efficiency in the key Rosneft production region



Signing Long-Term Contracts on Supplies of Pipe Products



On June 2, 2017 at the XXI St. Petersburg International Economic Forum Rosneft signed long-term contracts with TMK and ChelPipe on pipes supplies

- ▶ A formula based pricing
- ▶ Contracts tenor >5 years
- ▶ Delivery startup – H2 2017



- ▶ Timely and robust supplies of high quality products
- ▶ Transparent pricing
- ▶ Optimization of expenditures, procurement costs and timeframes
- ▶ Stable producer's capacity utilization and long-term planning
- ▶ Quality improvement: technological partnership





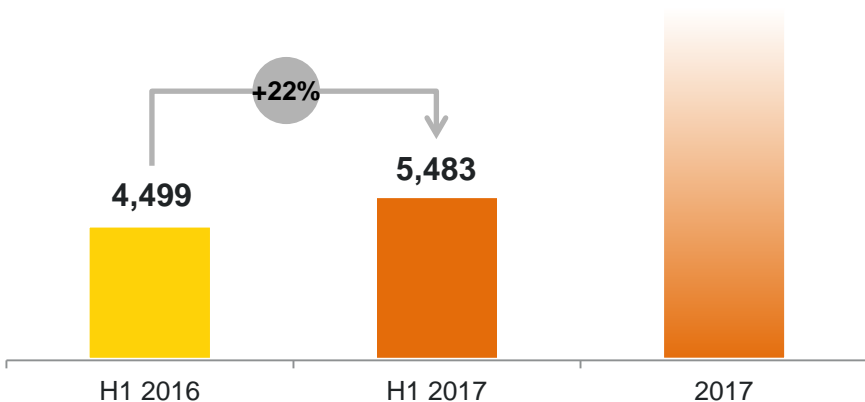
Operating Results

Development Drilling



Development drilling footage

th. m



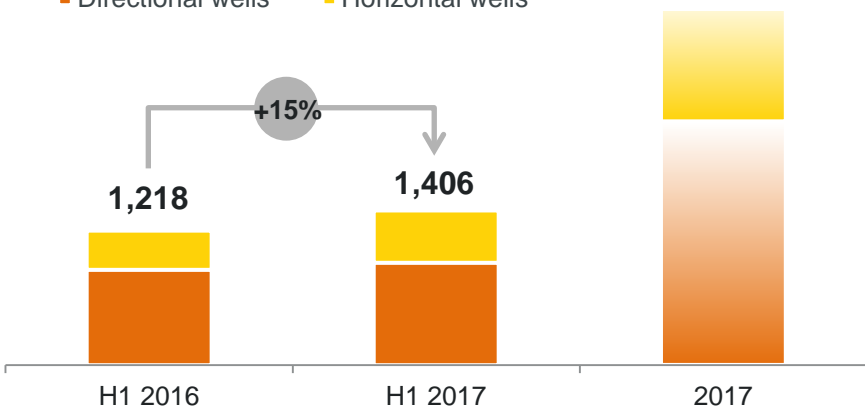
Key achievements in H1 2017

- ▶ 22% growth in development drilling footage (in H1 2017 y-o-y) with in-house service share at c. 60%
- ▶ Commissioning of new wells increased by >15%, including a >33% y-o-y increase in horizontal wells completion
- ▶ Commissioning of horizontal wells with multi stage hydrofracs rose by 50%
- ▶ 4 wells with horizontal length of 1,500 m and 10 hydrofracs were successfully commissioned at Ombinskoe and Prirazlomnoe fields (Yuganskneftegaz), initial flow rate at 230 tpd, or over 3x times above the average number for new wells commissioned YTD

Commissioning of new oil wells

wells

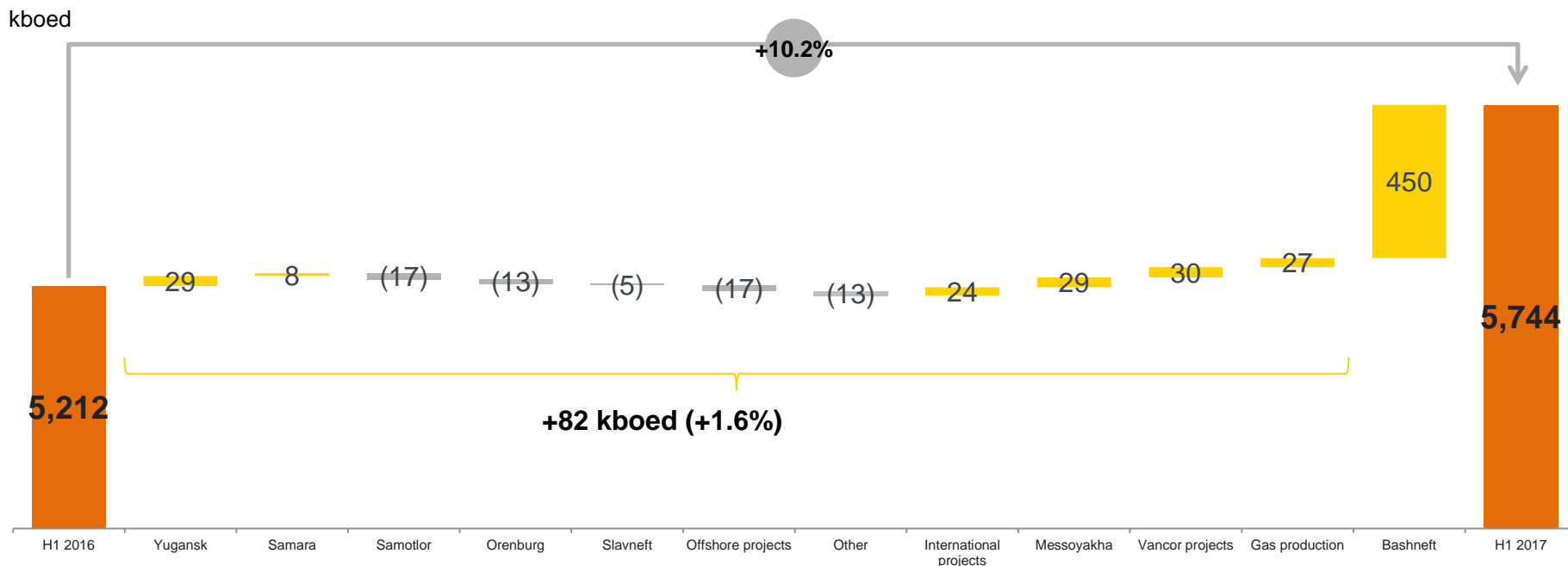
■ Directional wells ■ Horizontal wells



Plans for 2017

- ▶ Maintaining the required development drilling growth pace: annual target >10 mln m
- ▶ New wells completion plan – c. 3,000 wells with c. 30% horizontal share
- ▶ Roll-out the technologies to enhance well drilling and completion efficiency, after the stage of the field trials:
 - using two-string design for horizontal well construction
 - pressure-controlled drilling

Hydrocarbon Production



- Growth in average daily hydrocarbon production through development of new projects, integration of Bashneft and production growth at a number of brownfields
- **Yuganskneftegaz:** growth in drilling and commissioning of new wells, increase and improvement in quality of wellworks, including horizontal drilling and multi-stage hydrofracs
- **International Projects:** the Company increased its stake in Petromonagas JV (Venezuela) in May 2016
- **Suzun / East Messoyakha:** the Company keeps production ramp up at the Suzun and East Messoyakhska fields, launched in Q3 2016
- **Gas production:** commissioning of new wells at the Northern tip of the Chayvo field (Sakhalin Island) in 2016, design capacity reached by Rosspan's Novo-Urengoy gas treatment unit in August 2016, commissioning new wells at the Yem-Yegovskoye and North Varyoganskoe fields and increase in gas supplies from the Van-Yoganskoye field to the Tyumen compressor station

Greenfields Development Status: Suzun and E. Messoyakha



Suzunskoye field

- ▶ In September 2016 the Company started the comprehensive testing of the oil production, treatment and transportation facilities
- ▶ 3P PRMS reserves as of Dec 31, 2016 are estimated at 80 mmtoe / 604 mmboe
- ▶ Field development in progress: ongoing work to set up the field's surface infrastructure at OTF Start-up Complexes 1 and 2, Suzun-Vankor oil pipeline, well pads and associated infrastructure facilities
- ▶ 2.2 mmt – H1 2017 production



East Messoyakhskoe field¹

- ▶ On September 21, 2016 the northernmost onshore field in Russia was put into commercial operation
- ▶ 3P PRMS reserves as of Dec 31, 2016 are estimated at 211 mmtoe / 1,451 mmboe
- ▶ Construction of main infrastructure facilities completed. The field infrastructure and drilling pads setup is in progress
- ▶ 1.4 mmt – H1 2017 production



Progress in Key Projects: Tagul



Indicator	Value
3P reserves (PRMS)	435 mmtoe / 3,102 mmboe
Commissioning year	2018
Production plateau	>4.5 mmtpa
Target plateau year	2022+

- ▶ As part of a pilot the first startup complex of the oil treatment facility (OTF) with capacity of 2.3 mmtpa was initiated
- ▶ OTF will be used to process crude oil to commercial quality and its further transportation by 4.5 km length pipeline to the connection point at the Vankor-Purpe trunk pipeline
- ▶ Development drilling is carried out at 4 well pads
- ▶ Infrastructure facilities site preparation is in progress



Progress in Key Projects: Yurubcheno-Tokhomskoe field



Indicator	Value
3P reserves (PRMS) ¹	272 mmtoe / 2,078 mmboe
Commissioning year	2017
Production plateau	~5 mmtpa
Target plateau year	2019

- ▶ As part of a pilot the 1st mmt of oil produced since the development start
- ▶ In Q4 2016 early supplies started from the field to the Kuyumba-Taishet trunk pipeline system
- ▶ Development drilling is being carried out at 8 well pads
- ▶ Ongoing construction operations at the key infrastructure facilities: oil treatment facility with project capacity of 2.5 mmtpa, acceptance transfer unit and field pipelines and other facilities. Construction works are being carried out at 77 facilities simultaneously.

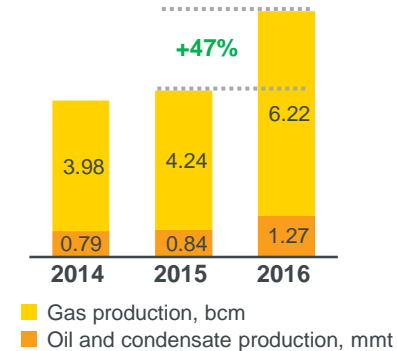


Progress in Key Projects: Rospan



The project provides the major contribution to the Company production growth by 2020

Indicator	Value
3P reserves (PRMS)	0.9 tcm of gas 160 mmt of oil and condensate
Annual production	in perspective: >19 bcm of gas > 5 mmt of liquids >1.2 mmt of LPG
Project capacity reaching year	2019



Key facilities:

- ▶ Gas and condensate processing plant at the East-Urengoykiy license area
- ▶ Gas treatment unit at the Novo-Urengoykiy license area
- ▶ Oil treatment facilities for the Valangian deposit, tank farm for oil storage and transshipment
- ▶ A loading railroad terminal at Korotchaevo station with a tank farm for LPG storage
- ▶ Trunk and field pipelines
- ▶ Power supply facilities

Current status:

Active phase of the key facilities construction:

- ▶ Gas and condensate processing plant at the East-Urengoykiy license area: 14 spherical storage tanks, 8 strings at 4 lines of the condensate stabilization unit, 5 compressor units of the gas booster station have been set up
- ▶ Gas power station at the East-Urengoykiy license area: 7 gas turbine units set up
- ▶ A loading railroad terminal at Korotchaevo station with a tank farm for LPG storage, trunk and field pipelines are underway

Near-term plans:

- ▶ Completing and commissioning of the key facilities
- ▶ Achieving the design production capacity in 2019

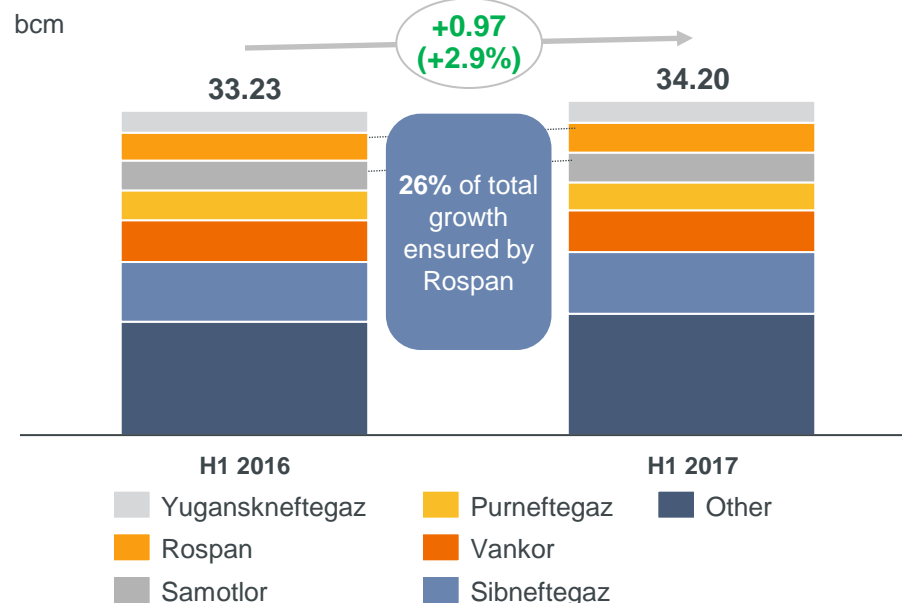
Gas Business: organic production growth and efficient monetization



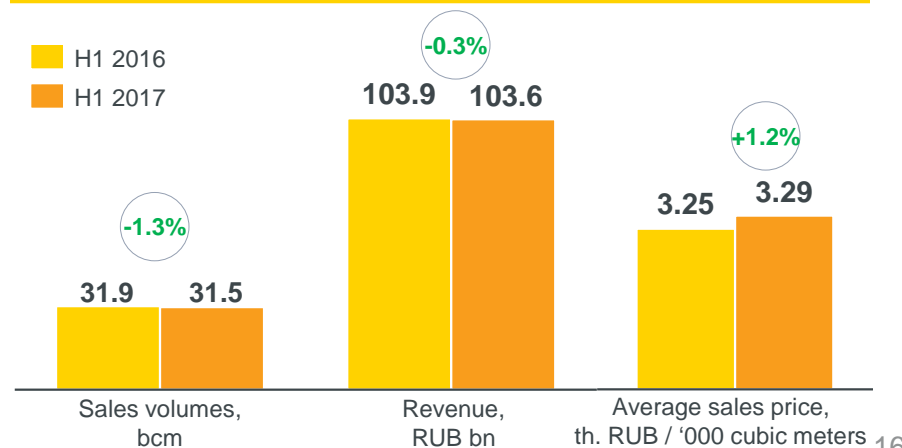
Key achievements in H1 2017

- ▶ 2.9% production growth on the back of:
 - Commissioning 2 new wells at the Northern tip of the Chayvo field (Sakhalin island) in 2016
 - Rospan's Novo-Urengoy gas treatment unit commissioning and reaching its design capacity in Q3 2016
 - Commissioning of 3 new wells at the Yem-Yegovskoye field (Tyumen formation) in Q1 2017
 - Gas production growth at the North-Varyoganskoye field on the back of new wells launching and growing gas supplies from Van-Yoganskoye field to Tyumen compressor station after renovation
- ▶ Closing the deal on the sale of 20% stake in Verkhnechonskneftegaz to Beijing Gas. Cooperation with one of the largest Chinese gas distributors enables efficient gas monetization as part of the Verkhnechonsk project gas phase implementation, and development of other Rosneft gas projects on the Russia Far East
- ▶ Signing a strategic cooperation agreement in the gas business and MoU on gas sales and purchase with BP. As part of the MoU the parties agreed to enter an SPA on the gas produced by Rosneft to secure additional supplies to the European markets starting from 2019

Gas production



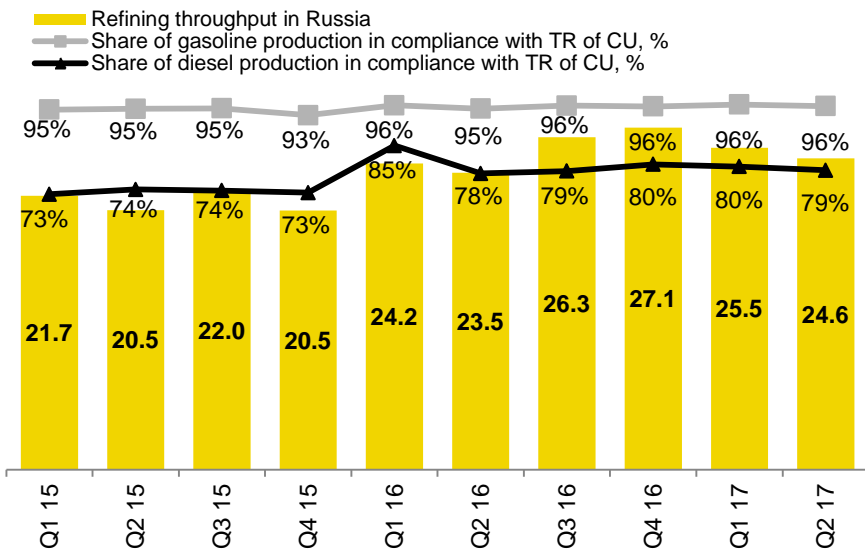
Gas sales in Russia



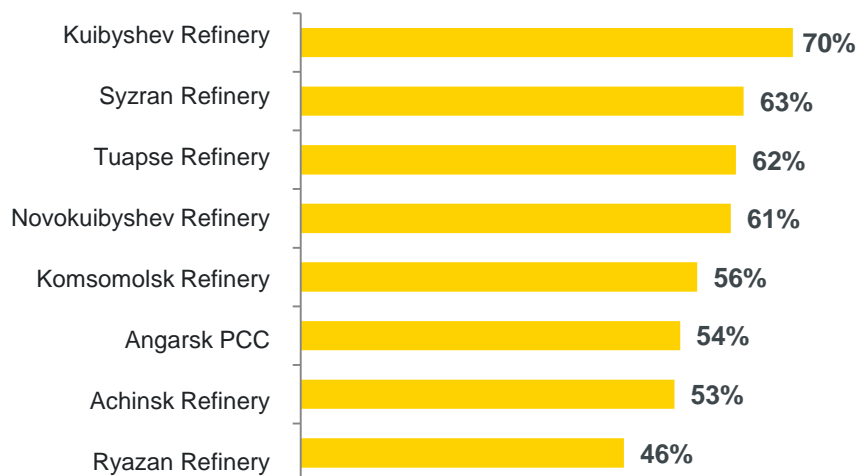
Refining: efficiency improvement via further operating optimization and modernization



Refining and high-quality motor fuels throughput



Progress in Refinery modernization program



Key achievements in Q2 2017

- Q2 2017 light product yield amounted to 58.0%, refining depth – to 74.3%
- As part of the integration processes application of own-produced antiwear additive «Complex Eco-D» started at the Bashneft refineries
- Air separation unit commissioned at the Ufaorgsintez, satisfying the refinery's need in high-quality nitrogen and allowing for energy cost saving
- The production of highly refined oils (3rd group) used in synthetic and semisynthetic lubes production was launched at the Yaroslavl refinery

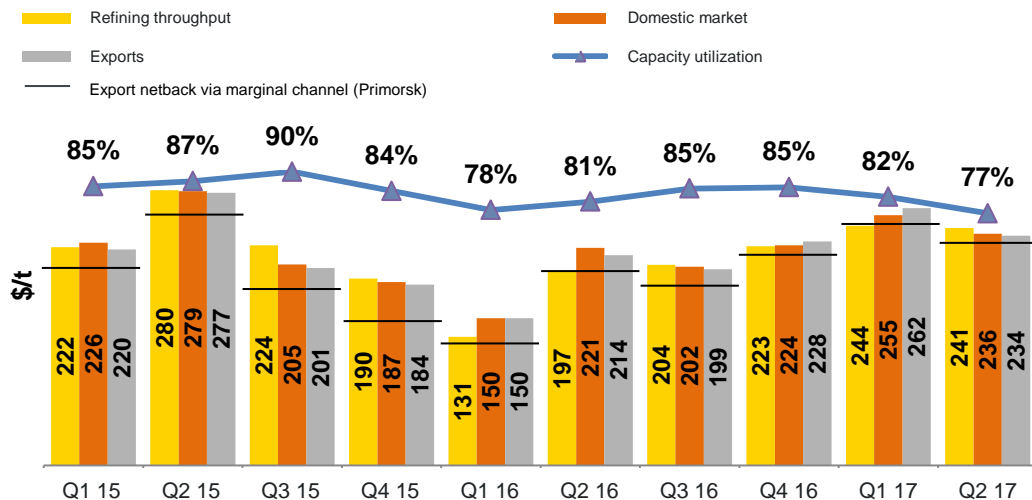
Plans for 2017

- Further progress in construction of facilities within the Refinery modernization program
- Implementation of highly efficient debottlenecking projects to increase efficiency and profitability, as well as bitumen production units development
- Bashneft integration activities
- The import substitution program
- Efficiency improvement and maintaining existing assets

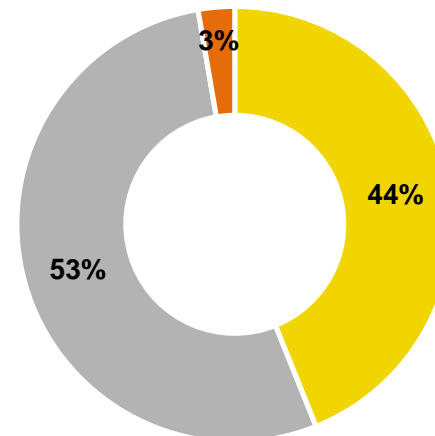
Crude Oil and Petroleum Product Marketing



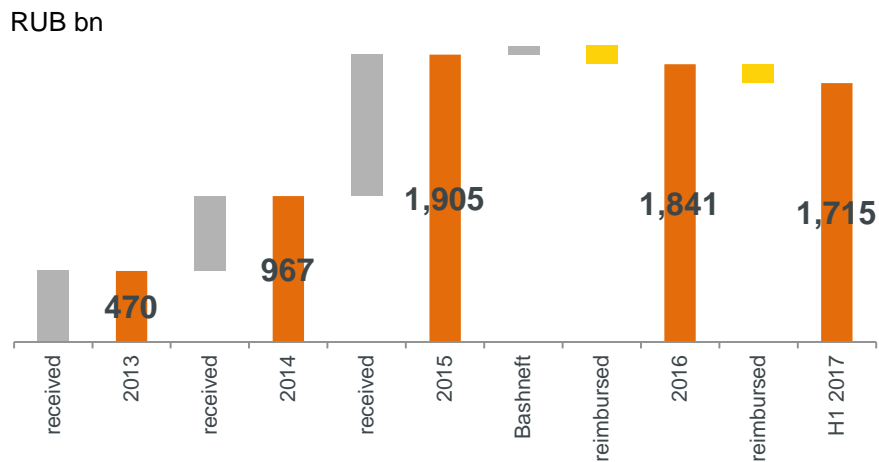
Netbacks of the main crude oil marketing channels



Oil marketing structure (Q2 2017)¹



Prepayments under LT supply contracts



- ▶ Growing high margin oil supplies eastwards in Q2 2017 to 12.1 mmt (+13.1% y-o-y)
- ▶ Signing long-term contract between RTSA and PTT (Thailand) for mutual crude oil supplies of up to 10 mmt/a for 5 years with an extension option

Note: (1) As % of the total crude oil supplies

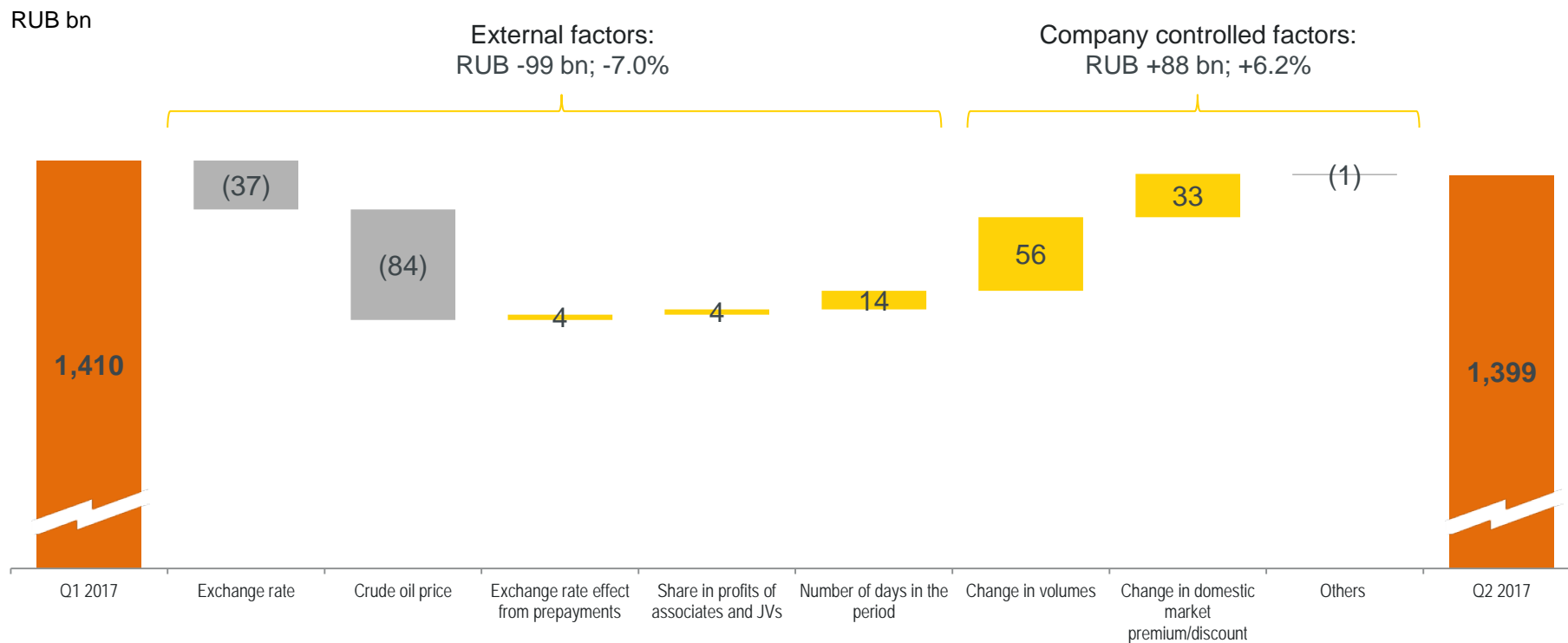


Financial Results

Revenue



Q2 2017 vs. Q1 2017

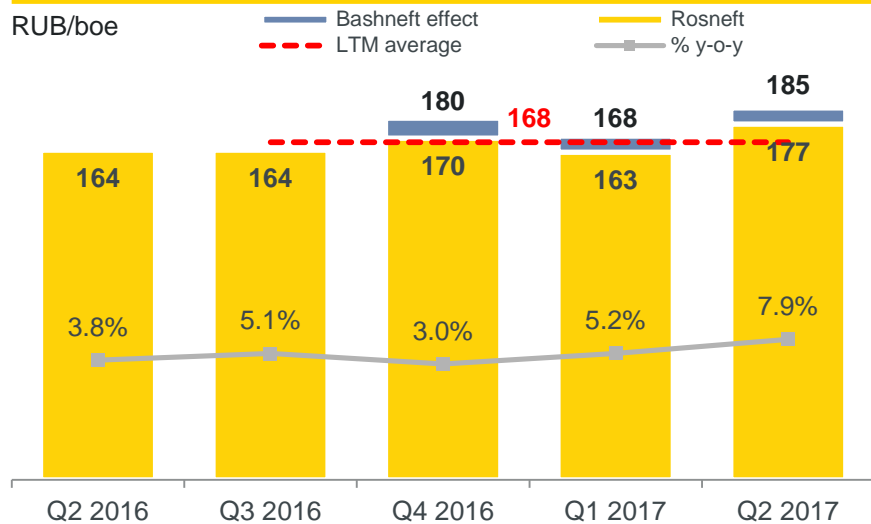


- ▶ Significant crude oil sales volumes growth (+15.7% q-o-q) on the back of a higher activity in Company foreign trading
- ▶ Crude oil prices decreased by 9.2% in RUB terms

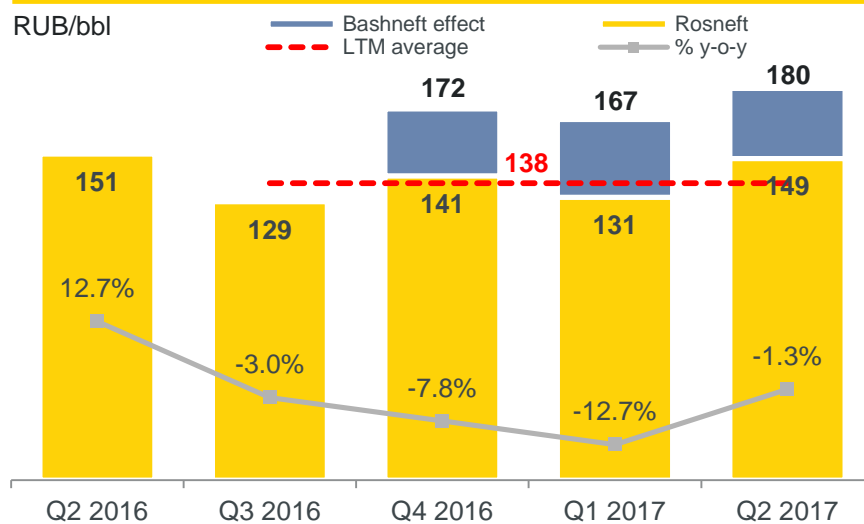
Operating Costs Dynamics



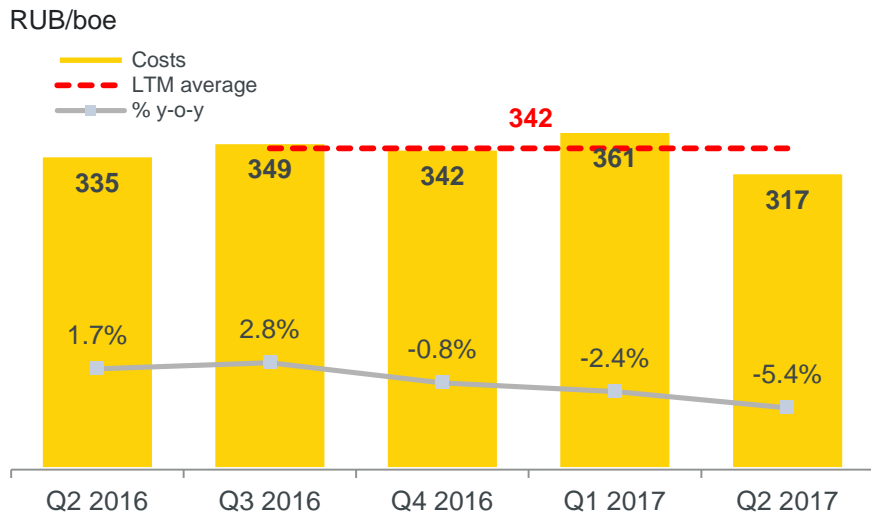
Lifting costs



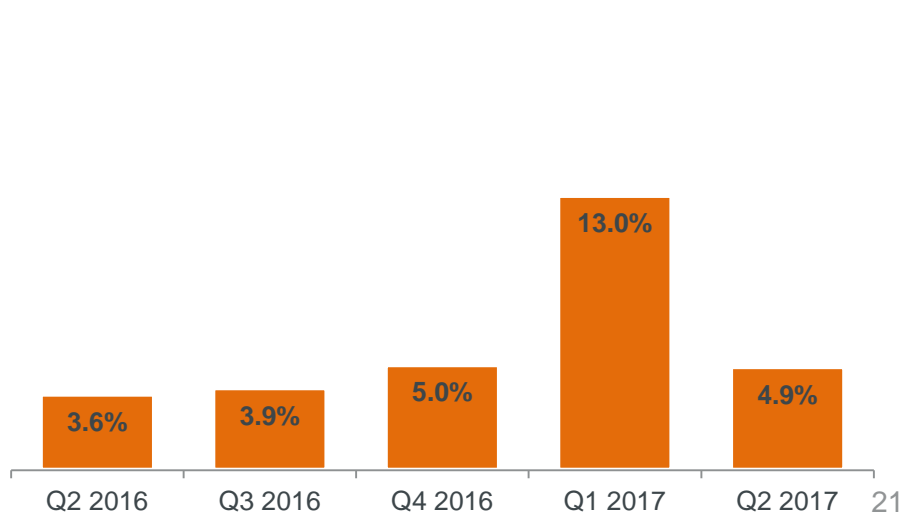
Refining costs in Russia



Transportation costs



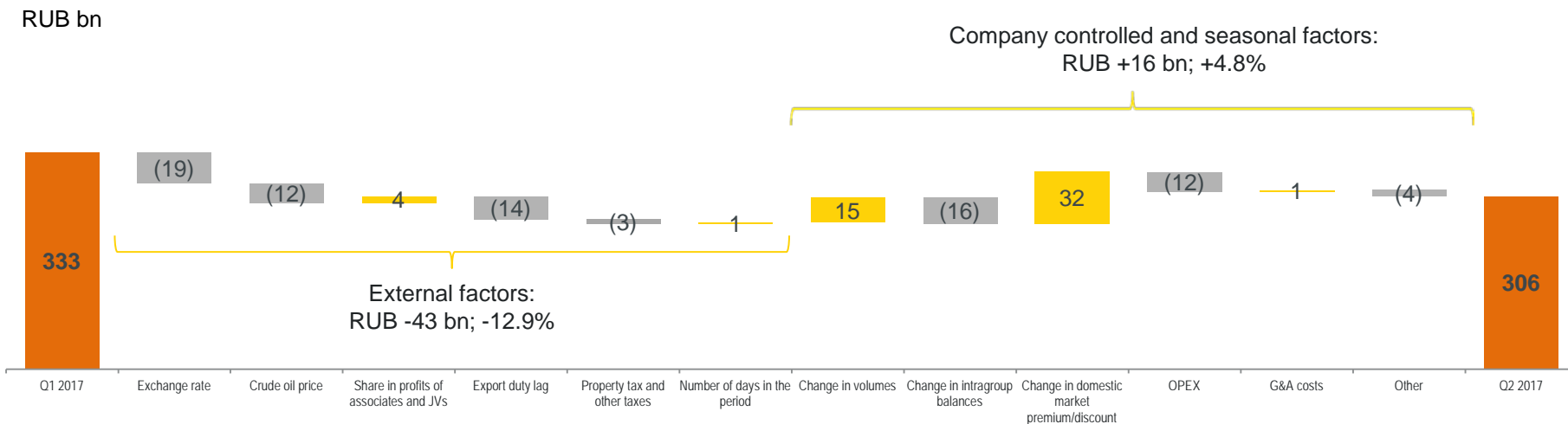
Producer price index (annual basis)



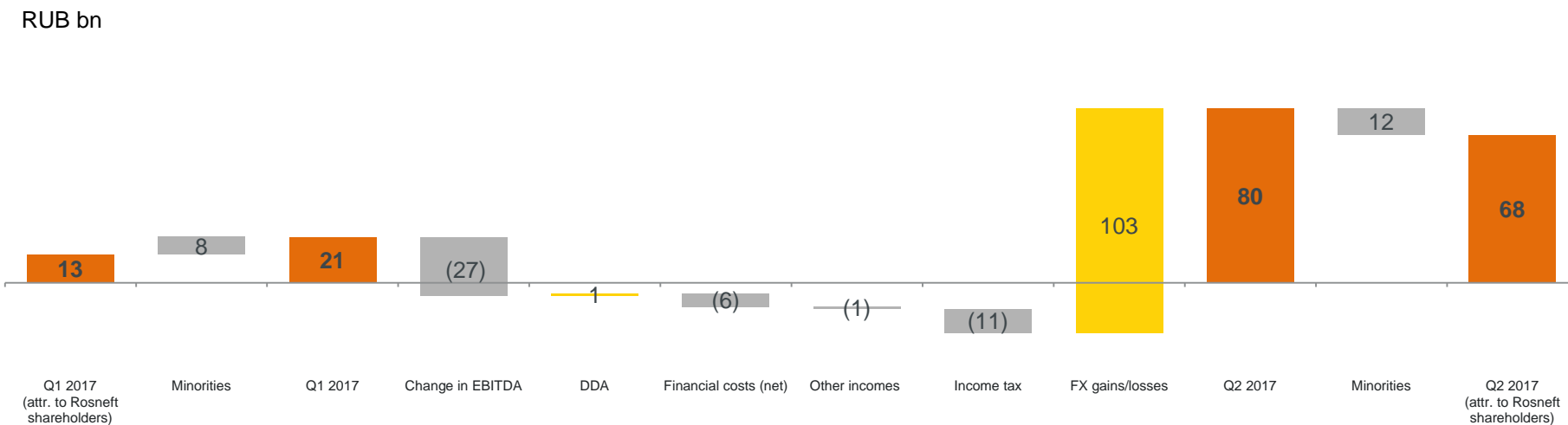
EBITDA and Net Income



EBITDA Q2 2017 vs. Q1 2017

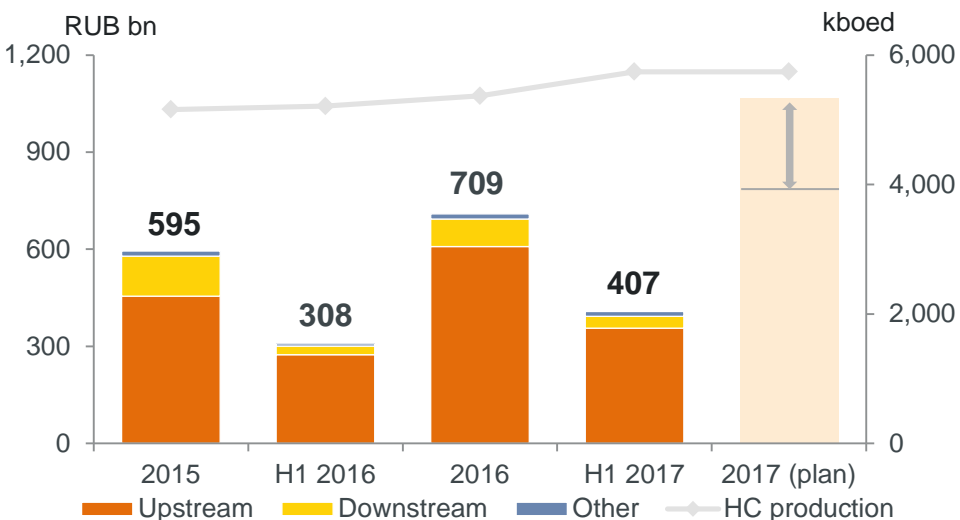


Net income Q2 2017 vs. Q1 2017

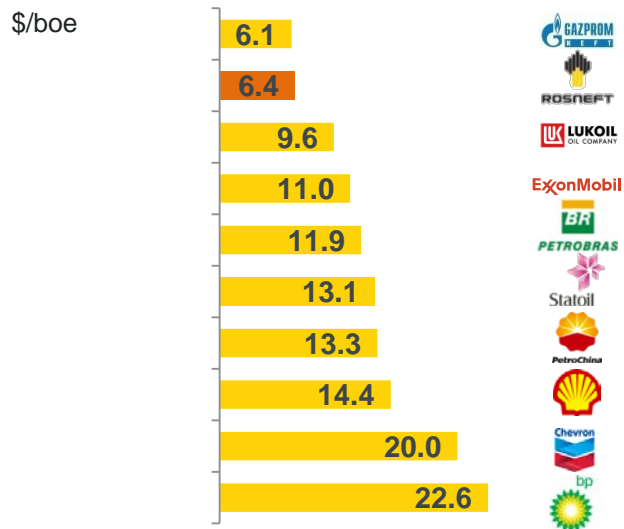




CAPEX and production



Upstream CAPEX H1 2017¹: benchmarking



- ▶ H1 2017 CAPEX increase at 32% y-o-y consistent with the strategic goals, it was mainly driven by:
 - ongoing development of the major long-term oil and gas production projects
 - development drilling growth (+22%) to maintain HC production
 - accelerating in highly efficient refining development projects execution
 - Bashneft and other new assets consolidation
- ▶ In H1 2017, the company implemented investment projects in the key business segments, taking into account the oil output constraints, weather conditions, seasonality and work schedule
- ▶ Maintaining leadership in unit upstream CAPEX efficiency in 2017 compared to the key Russian and global peers while increasing the investment program:
 - H1 2017 – 6.4 \$/boe.
 - 2017 forecast – not higher than \$7 per boe

Note: (1) Data for Rosneft and Statoil for H1 2017, Gazpromneft, Lukoil and Petrobras – for Q1 2017, other companies – for 2016.

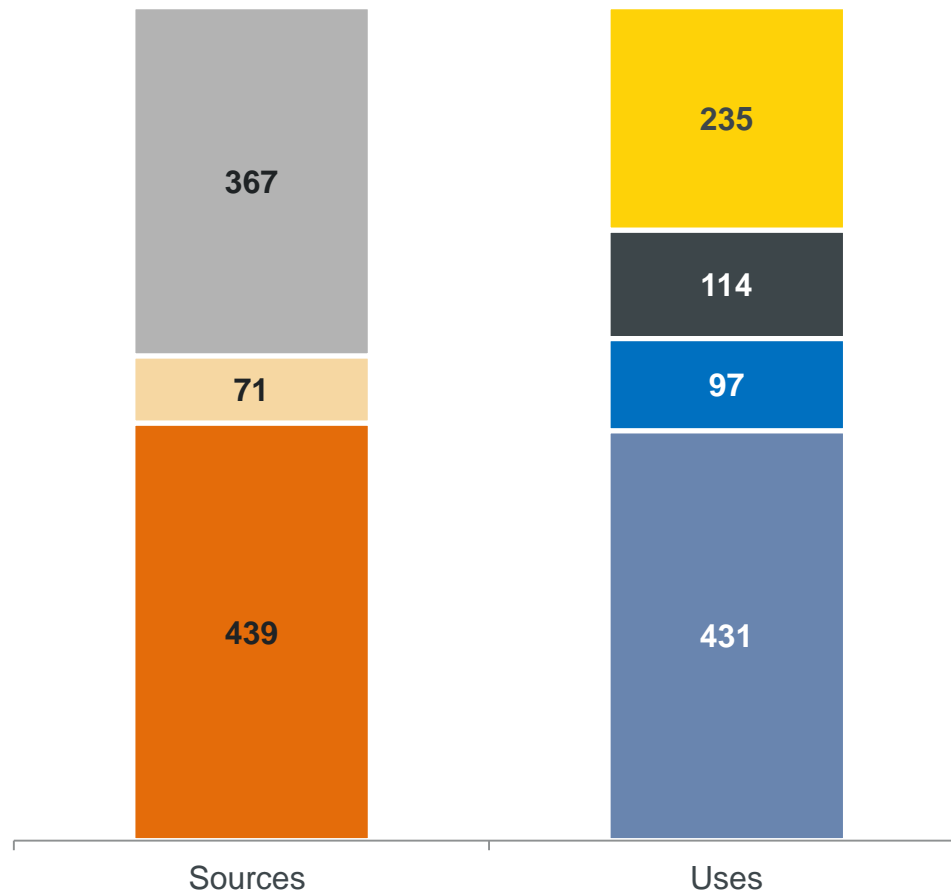
Sources and Uses of Cash



H1 2017

RUB bn

- Funds available for debt management (decrease)
- Assets disposal
- Operating cash flow
- Prepayments under crude oil and petroleum product supply contracts
- Assets acquisition
- Interest
- CAPEX and licenses

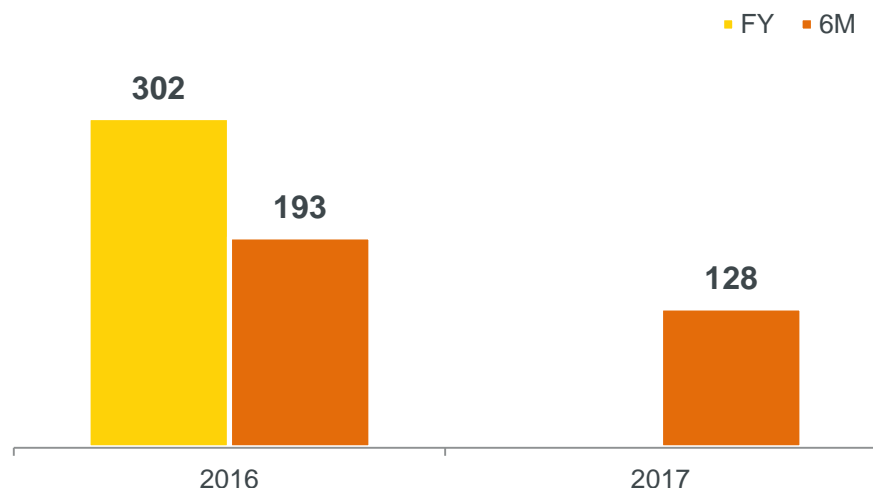


Free Cash Flow



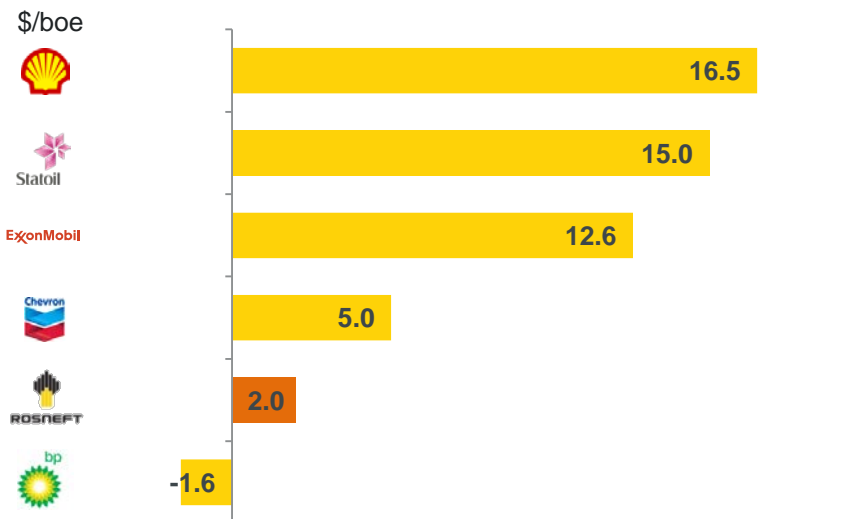
Free cash flow

RUB bn

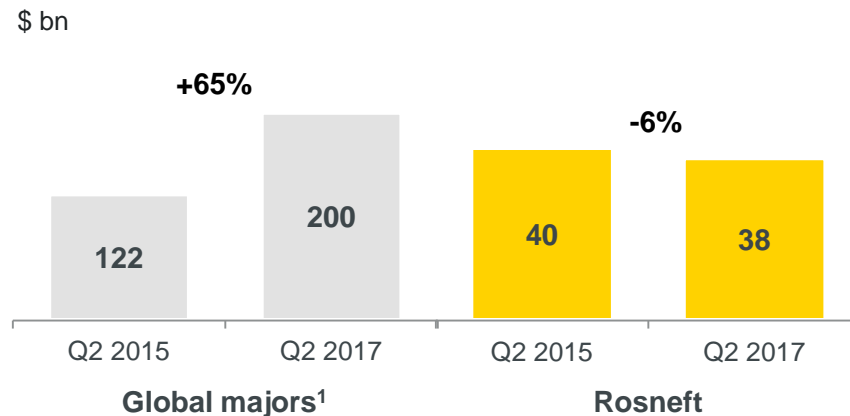


- ▶ Rosneft sustains positive free cash flow generation (\$2.0 per boe in H1 2017) despite CAPEX growth (+32% in H1 2017 y-o-y) and crude oil price fluctuations
- ▶ Rosneft maintains a comfortable level of financial leverage compared to a substantial debt burden increase by the peer group

Free cash flow H1 2017: benchmarking (majors)



Net debt dynamics

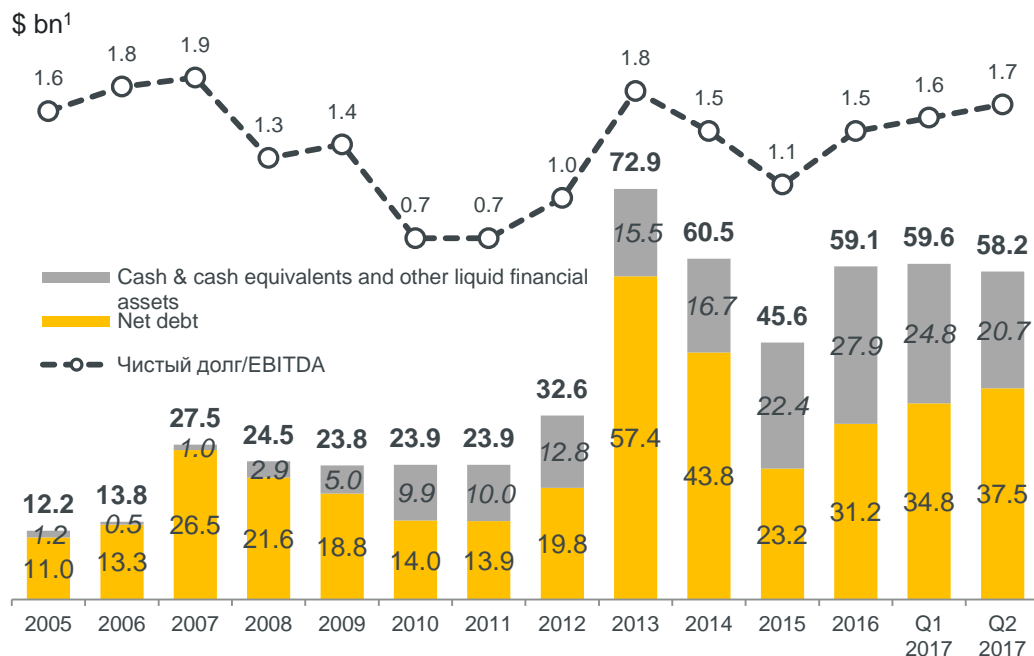


Note: (1) Includes ExxonMobil, Shell, Chevron, Total and BP

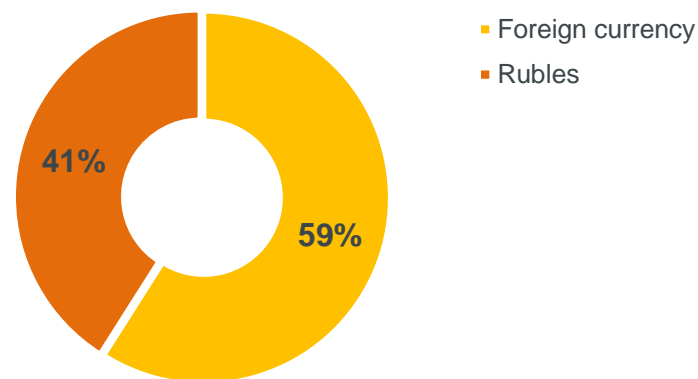
Financial Stability



Debt and net debt dynamics



Debt profile by currency



- Historically, net debt increase was mainly driven by the strategic M&A deals
- Active M&A cycles are followed by gradual deleveraging
- Current debt burden is comfortable for the Company – debt ratios are considerably below the peak levels
- Rosneft sustains significant cash pile (~\$20.7 bn¹) required for the debt management and covering potential costs related to M&A deals completion expected in H2 2017

Note: (1) All calculations are based on previously published financial statements (US GAAP before 2011), at the CBR USD exchange rate at the end of the reporting period; debt burden adjusted for finance lease liabilities and liabilities related to derivative financial instruments (in 2005-2011).

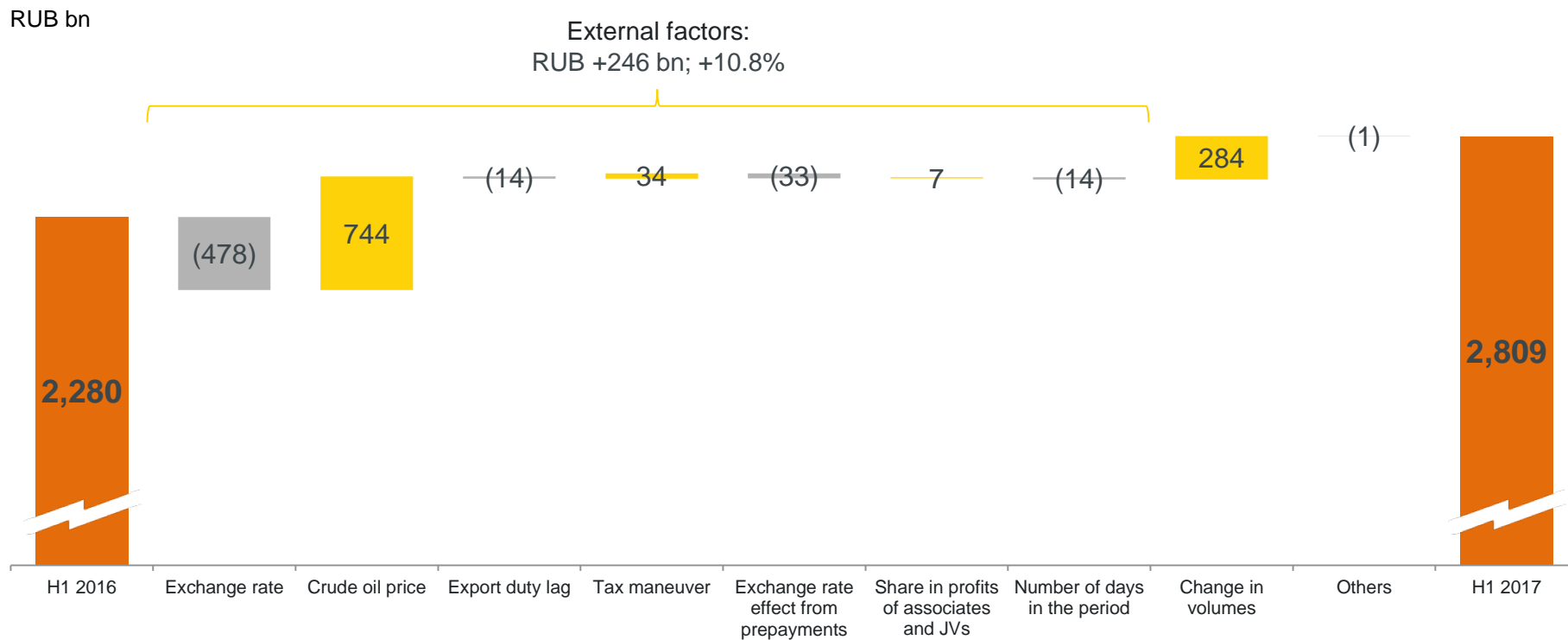


Appendix

Revenue



H1 2017 vs. H1 2016

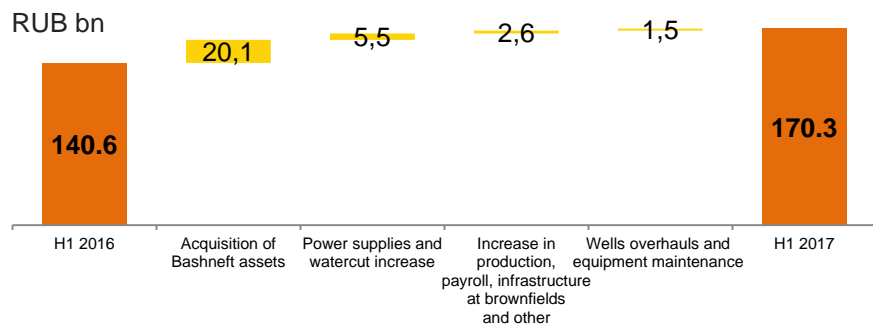


- ▶ Crude oil price growth by 9.8% in RUB terms
- ▶ Positive impact from integration of new assets on crude oil and petroleum product sales volumes

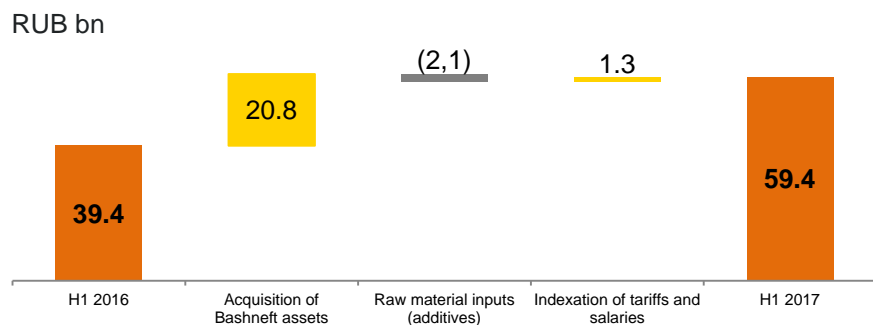
Operating costs 2017 vs. 2016



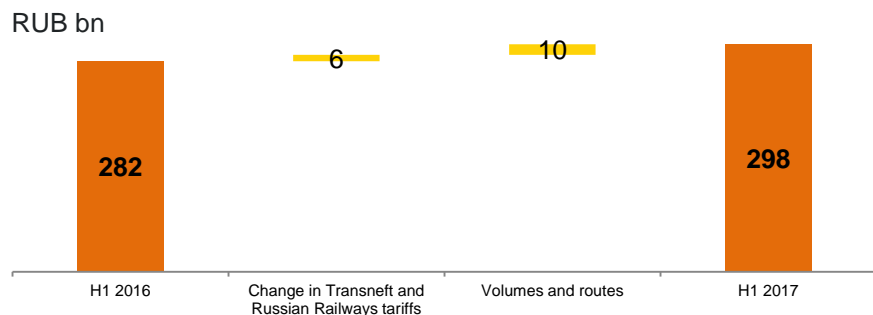
Lifting costs



Refining costs in Russia



Transportation costs

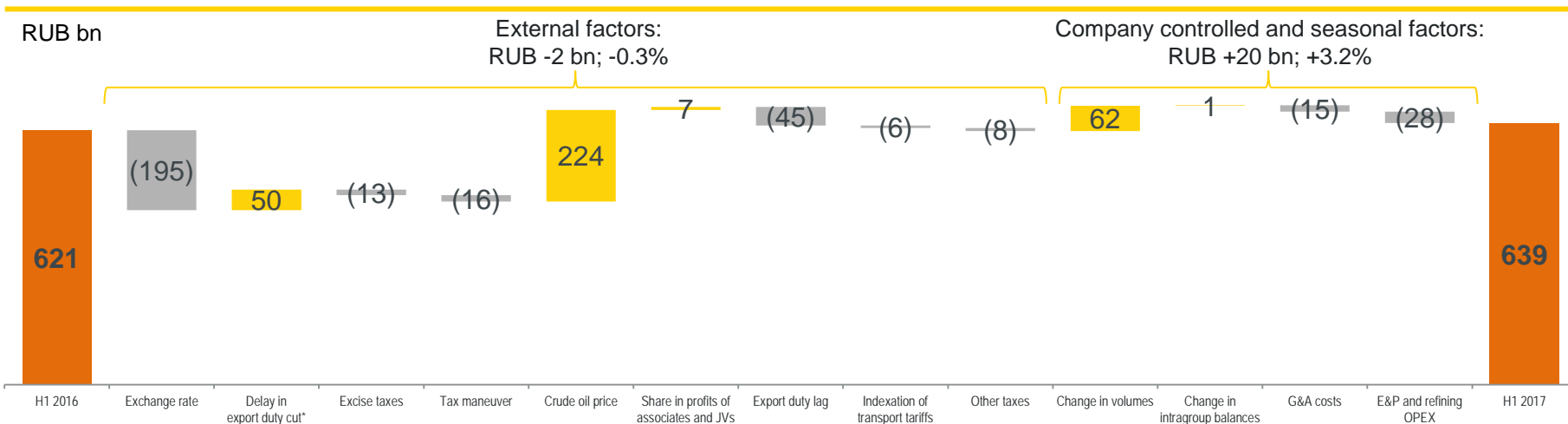


- ▶ Lifting costs increase in H1 2017 was mainly driven by the acquisition of Bashneft assets in October 2016, growth in electricity costs (increase in tariffs and watercut), wells overhauls and equipment maintenance
- ▶ Refining costs increase was mainly due to acquisition of Bashneft assets in October 2016 as well as indexation of natural monopolies' tariffs and salaries
- ▶ Transneft trunk pipelines oil transportation tariffs indexation by 3.5%-4% starting from January 2017
- ▶ Indexation of transit transportation tariffs through Belarus by 7.7% starting February 1, 2017
- ▶ 4.9% CPI growth y-o-y

EBITDA and Net Income



EBITDA H1 2017 vs. H1 2016



* The decrease in export duty coefficient from 42% to 36% in 2016 (according to the original tax maneuver) was cancelled

Net income H1 2017 vs. H1 2016



FX Risk Hedge



	Q2 2017, RUB bn			H1 2017, RUB bn		
	Before tax	Profit tax	Net of income tax	Before tax	Profit tax	Net of income tax
Recognized within other funds and reserves as of the start of the period	(398)	80	(318)	(435)	87	(348)
Foreign exchange risk management instruments gains/(losses) for the period	(3)	-	(3)	(2)	-	(2)
Exchange rate differences materialized for foreign exchange risk management tools	37	(7)	30	73	(14)	59
Recognized as part of other aggregate income (loss), over the period in total	34	(7)	27	71	(14)	57
Recognized within other funds and reserves as of the period end	(364)	73	(291)	(364)	73	(291)

For reference:

Nominal hedging amounts	\$ MM	CBR exchange rate, RUB/\$
As of December 31, 2015	3,918	72.8827
As of March 31, 2016	0	67.6076
As of June 30, 2016	0	64.2575
As of September 30, 2016	5,100	63.1581
As of December 31, 2016	1,763	60.6569
As of June 30, 2017	982	59.0855

Calculation of Adjusted Operating Cash Flow



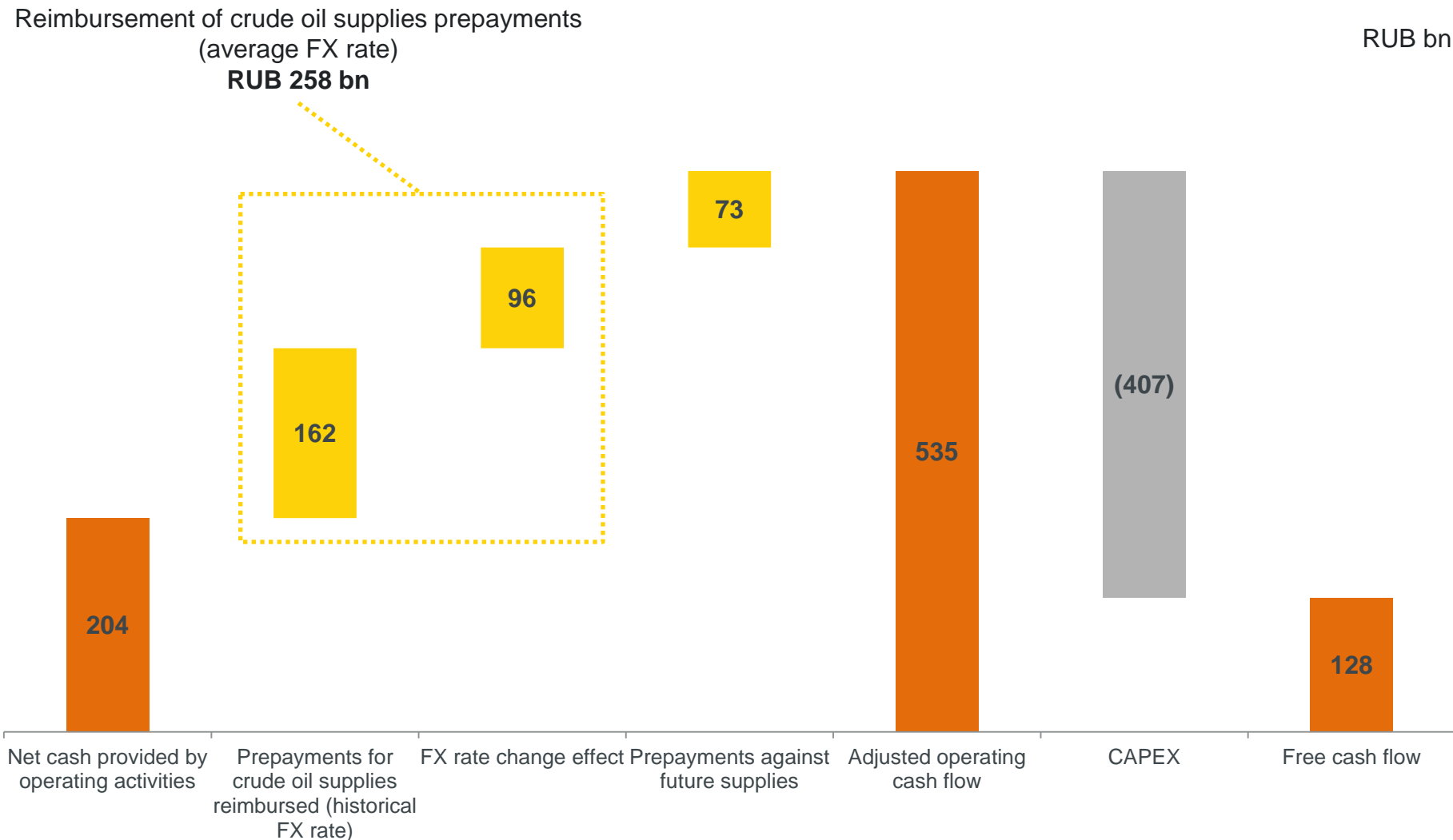
Profit and loss statement

#	Indicator	H1 2017, \$ bn
1	Revenue, incl.	50.1
	Prepayments reimbursed	4.4
2	Costs and expenses	(44.0)
3	Operating profit (1+2)	6.1
4	Expenses before income tax	(4.0)
5	Income before income taxes (3+4)	2.1
6	Profit tax	(0.4)
7	Net income (5+6)	1.7

Cash flow statement

H1 2017, \$ bn	Indicator	#
1.7	Net income	1
7.0	Adjustments to reconcile net income to cash flow from operations	2
(4.8)	Changes in operating assets and liabilities, including	3
(4.4)	Prepayments reimbursed	
(0.5)	Income tax payments, interest and dividends received	4
3.4	Net cash from operating activities (1+2+3+4)	5
1.3	Operations with trading securities	6
4.4	Effect from prepayments and advances	7
9.1	Adjusted operational cash flow (5+6+7)	9

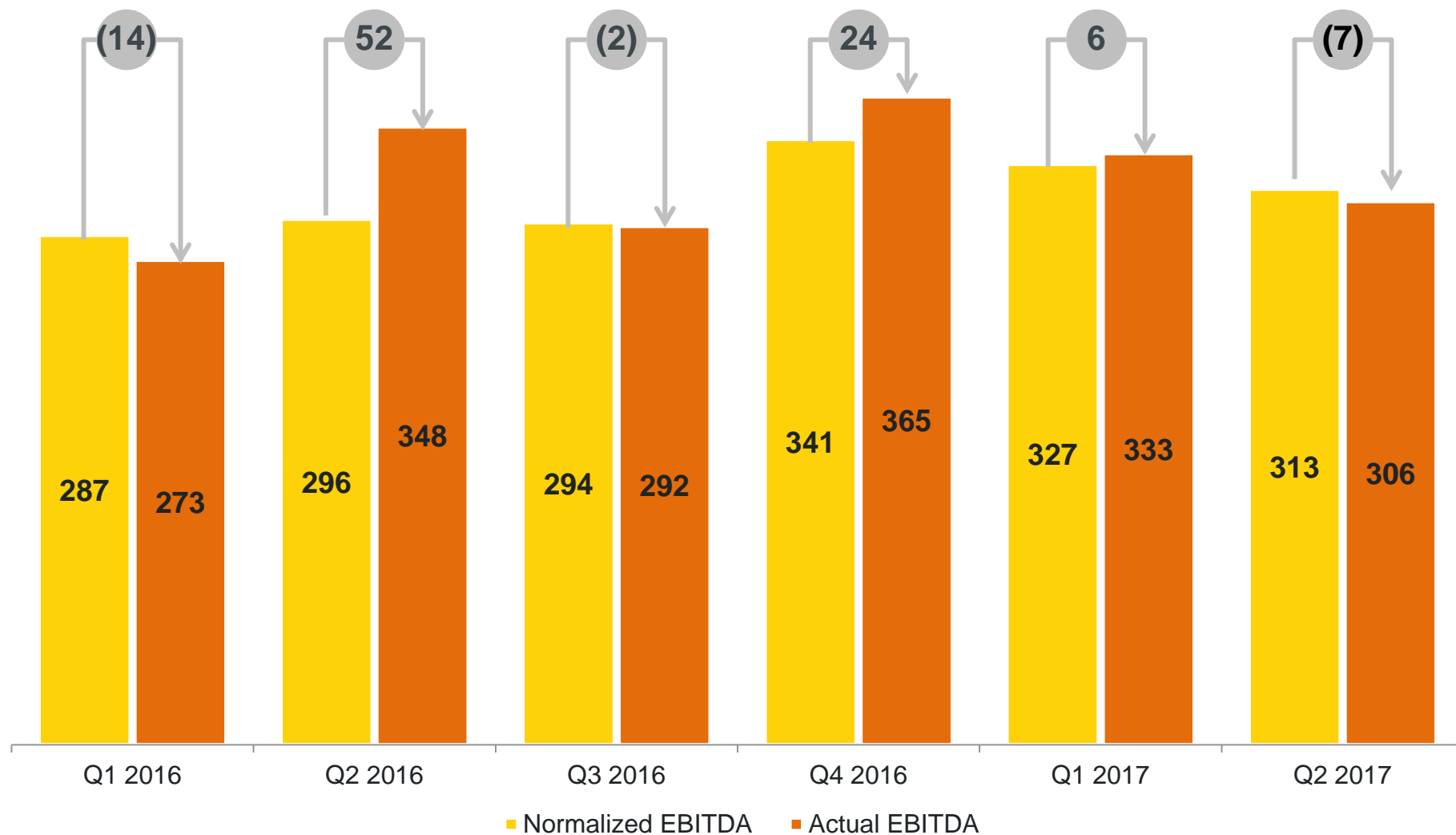
Operating Cash Flow Adjustment



Export Duty Lag



RUB bn



Note: The effect of the time lag in export duties on the Company's EBITDA is separated on this slide, i.e. it is calculated for certain quarters and based on the volumes and the USD average exchange rate of respective quarter (unlike the factor analysis)

Financial Expenses, RUB bn



Indicator	Q2 2017	Q1 2017	%	H1 2017	H1 2016	%
1. Interest accrued ¹	54	52	3.8%	106	70	51.4%
2. Interest paid	53	44	20.5%	97	71	36.6%
3. Change in interest payable (1-2)	1	8	(87.5)%	9	(1)	–
4. Interest capitalized ²	27	23	17.4%	50	29	72.4%
5. Increase in provision due to the unwinding of a discount	4	4	–	8	8	–
6. Interest on prepayments on long-term oil and petroleum products supply agreements	20	21	(4.8)%	41	45	(8.9)%
7. Other finance expenses	2	5	(60.0)%	7	2	>100%
8. Total finance expenses (1-4+5+6+7)	53	59	(10.2)%	112	96	16.7%

Note: (1) Including interest charged on credits and loans, promissory notes, ruble bonds and Eurobonds, (2) Interests paid shall be capitalized in accordance with IAS 23 standard Borrowing Costs. Capitalization rate is calculated by dividing the interest costs for borrowings related to capital expenditures by the average balance of loans. Capitalized interest shall be calculated by multiplying average balance of construction in progress by capitalization rate

EBITDA and Net Income Sensitivity



Urals price change

RUB bn -5 \$/bbl +5 \$/bbl

EBITDA



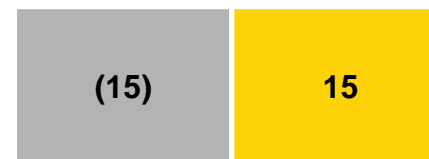
Net Income



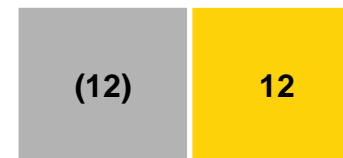
RUB/\$ exchange rate change

RUB bn -2 RUB/\$ +2 RUB/\$

EBITDA



Net Income



- ▶ Average Urals price in Q2 2017 was \$48.8 per bbl. In case the average price for the period was \$5 per bbl lower, EBITDA would have decreased by RUB 40 bn, including the negative export duty lag effect of RUB 14 bn
- ▶ Average USD exchange rate in Q2 2017 was 57.1 RUB/\$. In case the average USD exchange rate was 2 RUB/\$ higher, EBITDA would have increased by RUB 15 bn



Questions and Answers